The template risk assessment should be used alongside the government guidance below:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/covid-19-stay-at-home-guidance

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/face-coverings-in-education/face-coverings-in-education/

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own/face-coverings-when-to-wear-one-and-how-to-make-your-own

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/safe-working-in-education-childcare-and-childrens-social-care/safe-working-in-education-

childcare-and-childrens-social-care-settings-including-the-use-of-personal-protective-equipment-ppe

https://www.hse.gov.uk/coronavirus/assets/docs/risk-assessment.pdf

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/national-lockdown-stay-at-home#going-to-work

Schools coronavirus (COVID-19) operational guidance (publishing.service.gov.uk)

The following school policies (but not limited to) should also be reviewed and updated as required:

- Behaviour Policy
- Safeguarding & Child Protection Policy
- Health and Safety Policy
- Infection Control Policy
- First Aid Policy
- School Emergency Plan
- School Business Continuity Plan
- Premises Lettings Policy and Contract

Educational settings risk assessment content:

Awareness of and adherence to policies and procedures

- 1. Prevention: Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell with COVID-19 symptoms
- 2. Prevention: Ensure face coverings are used in recommended circumstances
- 3. Prevention: Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual
- 4. Prevention: Good respiratory hygiene
- 5. Prevention: Enhanced cleaning
- 6. Prevention: Minimise contact
- 7. Prevention: Keep occupied spaces well ventilated
- 8. In specific circumstances: Wear PPE where necessary







- 9. In specific circumstances: Promote and engage in asymptomatic testing, where available
- 10. Response to infection: Test and trace
- 11. Response to infection: Managing confirmed COVID-19 cases
- 12. Response to infection: Contain any outbreaks
- 13. Attendance
- 14. Workforce
- 15. Emergencies
- 16. Managing School Transport
- 17. Residential/Boarding

Changes and updates made are documented here and in purple:

Date of change	Section, page and change
23/02/2021	Face coverings, page 8, face coverings recommended to be worn in classrooms and activities
	where social distancing cannot be maintained for children aged 11 and over
23/02/2021	Minimise contact, page 17, educational visits are currently not advised.
23/02/2021	Ventilation, page 18, new sections on ventilation.
23/02/2021	Testing, page 20, new guidance on testing in different settings







Name of School:	Woodlea Primary School	Date of assessment:	1 st March 2021	Date of review:	1 st April 2021 or earlier if necessary
Identify those at risk:	Staff Pupils Agency staff/contractors Visitors Vulnerable groups: BAME Underlying health conditions including clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) and extremely vulnerable Pregnant workers Over the age of	How someone could be harmed:	Coronavirus disease (COVID-19) is an infectious disease caused by a newly discovered coronavirus. The COVID-19 virus spreads primarily through droplets of saliva or discharge from the nose when an infected person coughs or sneezes. Most infected people will develop mild to moderate illness and recover without hospitalisation. In some cases, and if a person has a underlying health conditions, COVID-19 can cause serious ill health.	Assessed by:	N Riches (Headteacher)







Issued on behalf of the Surrey Recovery Planning Team

	Risk rating prior to action H/M/L	Recommended controls/Mitigation and Protective Measures	In place? Yes/No or N/A	Additional control measures to reduce the risk or the reasons why the recommended standard cannot be met.	Actioned by when and by who?	Risk rating following action H/M/L
Awareness of and adherence to policies and procedures		 Health and Safety Policy has been updated in light of the COVID-19 advice All staff, pupils and volunteers are aware of all relevant policies and procedures including, but not limited to, the following: Health and Safety Policy Infection Control Policy First Aid Policy All staff have regard to all relevant guidance and legislation including, but not limited to, the following: The Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations (RIDDOR) 2013 The Health Protection (Notification) Regulations 2010 Public Health England (PHE) (2017) 'Health protection in schools and other childcare facilities' DfE and PHE (2020) 'COVID-19: guidance for educational settings' 	YES YES		H&S/ HT 1.9.20 H&S/HT 1.9.20 H&S/HT 1.9.20	L







	The relevant staff receive any necessary	YES	H&S/HT	L
	training that helps minimise the spread of		1.9.20	
	infection, e.g. infection control training.			
•	The school keeps up-to-date with advice	YES	H&S/HT	L
	issued by, but not limited to, the following:		1.9.20	
	- DfE; NHS; Department of Health and			
	Social Care; PHE	YES	H&S/HT	L
	Staff are made aware of the school's infection		1.9.20	
	control procedures in relation to coronavirus.			
'	 Parents are made aware of the school's infection control procedures in relation to 	YES	H&S/HT	L
	coronavirus via letter and social media – they		1.9.20	
	are informed that they must not send their			
	child to school if they have coronavirus			
	(COVID-19) symptoms, or have tested			
	positive in the last 10 days, or if another household member develops coronavirus			
	symptoms. In both these circumstances the			
	parents/carers should call the school to inform			
	the school of this and that they will be			
	following the national <u>Stay at Home</u> guidance.			
'	Pupils are made aware of the school's infection control procedures in relation to	YES	H&S/HT	L
	infection control procedures in relation to		1.9.20	
	coronavirus and are informed that they must tell a member of staff if they begin to feel			
	unwell.			
	 Staff and pupils are made aware of the 			
	process for removing face coverings when	YES	HT	L
	pupils and staff who use them arrive at		1.9.20	
	school, and this is communicated clearly to			
	parents and staff.			
	,			







	The Staff and Volunteer Confidentiality Policy and Pupil Confidentiality Policy are followed at all times – this includes withholding the names of staff, volunteers and pupils with either confirmed or suspected cases of coronavirus.	YES	H&S/HT 1.9.20	L
Prevention 1. Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell with COVID-19 symptoms	Staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or have tested positive in the last 10 days, and anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home.	YES	All staff/ In place	L
Symptoms	 If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they are sent home and advised to follow 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection', which sets out that they must selfisolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should selfisolate for 10 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms. If a child is awaiting collection, they are moved, where possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age and needs of the child, with appropriate adult supervision if required. A window should be opened for ventilation. If 	YES	All staff/ In place All staff/ In place	M







 moved to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people. If they need to go to the bathroom while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate bathroom if possible. The bathroom must be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else. 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
 Everyone will wash their hands thoroughly for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell. The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household disinfectant after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people. See the <u>COVID-19</u>: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance. 	TES	All staff In place	L
PPE will be worn by staff caring for the child while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young child or a child with complex needs). More information on PPE use can be found in the safe working in education, childcare and children's social care settings, including the use of personal protective equipment (PPE) guidance.	YES	All staff/ In place	L
• In an emergency, call 999 if someone is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk. Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy,	YES	All staff/ In place	L
 urgent care centre or a hospital. Any members of staff who have helped someone with symptoms and any pupils who 	YES	All staff/ In place	L







		have been in close contact with them do not need to go home to self-isolate unless they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange a test) or if the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive (see below) or they have been requested to do so by NHS Test & Trace.			
		The Infection Control Policy and <u>Cleaning in</u> non-healthcare settings guidance to be followed to clean the area.	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		Any medication given to ease the unwell individual's symptoms, e.g. paracetamol, is administered in accordance with the Administering Medications Policy	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		Spillages of bodily fluids, e.g. respiratory and nasal discharges, are cleaned up immediately in line with the Infection Control Policy and Cleaning in non-healthcare settings guidance	YES	All staff/ In place	L
2.	Prevention Where recommended, use of face covering	 In primary schools, we recommend that face coverings should be worn by staff and adult visitors in situations where social distancing between adults is not possible (for example, when moving around in corridors and communal areas). Children in primary school do not need to wear a face covering. 	YES	HT/H&S In place 23.2.21	L
		Transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn.	YES	HT/H&S In place 23.2.21	L
		 Face visors or shields should not be worn as an alternative to face coverings. They may protect against droplet spread in specific 	YES	HT/H&S In place	L







		circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in reducing aerosol transmission when used without an additional face covering.		23.2.21	L
3.	Prevention Clean hands thoroughly more often than usual	 Pupils clean their hands regularly, including: when they arrive at the school when they return from breaks when they change rooms 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 before and after eating Pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporate time for this in timetables or lesson plans. Staff working with pupils who spit 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff.	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands. 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Continue to help pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly. 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Frequent and thorough hand cleaning should now be regular practice. 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Ensure there is enough hand washing or hand sanitiser stations available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Supervise hand sanitiser use given the risks around ingestion – skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Building these routines into school culture, supported by behaviour expectations and helping ensure younger pupils and those with 	YES	All staff/ In place	L







		complex needs understand the need to follow them			
4.	Prevention Good respiratory	'Catch it, bin it, kill it' approach continues to be very important, suitable number of tissues and bins available in the school to support pupils and staff to follow this routine.		All staff/ In place	L
	hygiene	Younger pupils and those with complex needs are helped to follow this.	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Risk assessments to identify pupils with complex needs who struggle to maintain good respiratory hygiene, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 stimulant. DFE guidance to be followed on the use of face coverings in education and clear instructions are provided to staff, children and young people on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
5.	Prevention Enhanced	Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters are cleaned	YES	All staff/ In place	L
	cleaning	 more regularly than normal. More frequent cleaning of rooms and shared areas that are used by different groups 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		 Soft furnishings, soft toys and toys that are hard to clean (such as those with intricate parts) are removed. 	YES	All staff/ In place	L
		Toilets will need to be cleaned regularly and pupils must be encouraged to clean their hands thoroughly after using the toilet - different groups being allocated their own toilet blocks could be considered but is not a requirement if the site does not allow for it	YES	All staff/ In place	L







	The <u>COVID-19</u> : cleaning settings guidance is follow	ved.	HT/SBM L
	 Outdoor playground equipole cleaned more frequently. resources used inside and around care providers as Lettings Policy/Contract. 	This includes d outside by wrap	HT/SBM L
	 Spillages of bodily fluids, nasal discharges, are cle in line with the Infection Cleaning in non-healthcar 	aned up immediately Control Policy and	HT/SBM L
	 Cleaners are employed be out daily, thorough cleaners and is coshible policy and the Policy. 	by the school to carry PES eaning that follows s compliant with the	HT/SBM L
	The SBM arranges enhar undertaken where require enhanced cleaning protoc the local health team. Sch cleaning product supplies CovidEnquiries.COMMER v.uk	ed – advice about cols is sought from nools short of s, should email <u>DfE-</u>	HT/SBM L
	The SBM monitors the clesschool cleaning contractor any additional measures to managing the spread of the spread	rs and discusses required with regards	SBM/HT L
Prevention 6. Minimise contact	The number of contacts be staff is reduced. This is ackeeping groups separate through maintaining distart.	chieved through (in 'Bubbles') and	All L staff/in place







individuals. The balance between the Bubbles and social distancing is based on:		
 Pupils ability to distance; The layout of the school site; The feasibility of keeping distinct groups separate while offering a broad curriculum 		
More information on groups can be found in COVID-19: Guidance for full opening		
If staff or pupils cannot maintain distancing, particularly with younger pupils, the risk is reduced by keeping pupils in smaller class sized groups. YES	All staff/in place	
All teachers and other staff can operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable. This will be particularly important for secondary schools. Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should try and keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults. YES YES	All staff/in place	
Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff can move between schools. They should ensure they minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff. YES	All staff/in place	
Adults to avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone. YES	All	
Adults should maintain 2 metre distance from each other and from children where possible. YES	staff/in place	
YES		







•	Pupils old enough should be supported to maintain distance and not touch staff and their peers.	YES	All staff/in place	L
•	Classrooms and other learning environments are organised to maintain space between seats and desks where possible.	YES	All staff/in	
•	Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on.	YES	place	L
•	Large gatherings such as assemblies are avoided, and groups kept apart.	YES	staff/in place	L
•	The timetable is revised to implement where possible: Plan for lessons or activities which keep groups apart and movement around the school site to a minimum; Maximise the number of lessons or classroom activities which could take place outdoors; Staggered assembly groups; Break times (including lunch) are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time; Drop-off and collection times are staggered and communicated to parents;		All staff/in place	
	 Parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols are planned and communicated so that they minimise adult to adult contact and 			







remind them not to gather at gates and come onto the site without an		
appointment.	YES	L
Pupils use the same classroom or defined area of a setting throughout the day, with a thorough cleaning of the rooms at the end of the day. And are seated at the same desk;	YES	All staff/in place L
 Mixing within education or childcare setting is minimised by: accessing rooms directly from outside where possible; considering one-way circulation, or place a divider down the middle of the corridor to keep groups apart as they move through the setting where spaces are accessed by corridors; staggering lunch breaks and pupils clean their hands beforehand and enter in the groups they are already in or pupils are brought their lunch in their classrooms; The number of pupils using the toilet at any one time is limited; 		All staff/in place
 The use of shared space such as halls is limited and there is cleaning between use by different groups; 	YES	All
 The use of staff rooms and offices is staggered to limit occupancy. Visitors to the site, such as contractors, local 	YES	staff/in place L
authority employees and health employees to be fully briefed on the school's arrangements and follow site guidance on physical	YES	All staff/in place







 distancing and hygiene on or before arrival. Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they should. A record will be kept of al visitors. Classroom based resources, such as books and games, are used and shared within the Bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces. 	YES	All staff/in place	L
Resources that are shared between classes or Bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment are cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between Bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hour for plastics) between use by different Bubbles	5		
 Pupils limit the amount of equipment they bring into school each day, to essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery and mobile phones. Bags are allowed. Pupils and teachers can take books and other shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing is avoided. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation apply to these resources. 		All staff/in place	L
 Staff and pupils have their own individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, these are not shared; 	YES		L
 Physical Education classes should be kept in consistent groups and sports equipment thoroughly cleaned between use by different groups. Contact sport to be avoided. Outdoor sports to be prioritised and large indoor spaces used where not to ensure maximising 	YES	All staff/in place All staff/in place	L







distance between pu	oils and high levels of			
cleaning and hygien	. COVID-19: Guidance			
on phased return of	port and recreations.			
External facilities ca	also be used in line with			
government guidance	e for the use of, and			
travel to and from, the	ose facilities. Schools			
should refer to the fo	lowing guidance:			
o guidance on	ne phased return of sport			
and recreation	and guidance from			
Sport Englar	for grassroot sport			
o advice from o	rganisations such as the			
Association f	r Physical Education and			
the Youth Sp	ort Trust			
o guidance froi	Swim England on			
school swimi	ing and water safety			
lessons avail	ble at <u>returning to pools</u>			
guidance do	<u>uments</u>			
o <u>using changi</u>	g rooms safely			
Schools are able to	ork with external			
coaches, clubs and	rganisations for			
curricular and extra-	urricular activities where			
they are satisfied that				
	der carefully how such			
arrangements can o	erate within their wider			
protective measures				
Indoor swimming po	ls, used by settings for			
education and training	g, including hydrotherapy			
pools used for physi	al therapy, can continue			
to be used.				
a Singing wind and h	ass instrument playing			
can be undertaken i				
	schools section in the full			
opening guidance an		YES		L
<u>opening guidance</u> at	d office guidance, in			()







particular guidance provided by the DCMS for professionals and non-professionals, available at working safely during coronavirus (COVID-19): performing arts. Further information on music teaching in schools is available in the COVID-19 – guidance for full opening. • Where schools are unable to put on live performances to parents, they may wish to consider alternatives such as the use of live streaming and recording, subject to the usual safeguarding considerations and parental permission. • Schools in other local restriction tier areas planning an indoor or outdoor performance in front of an audience should follow the latest advice in the DCMS performing arts guidance implementing events in the lowest risk order as described. If planning an outdoor performance they should also give particular consideration to the guidance on delivering outdoor events.	YES	All staff/in place All staff/in place All staff/in place	L
 Educational visits are currently advised against. This advice will be kept under review. Schools should work closely with any externation wraparound providers which their children anyoung people may use, to ensure that as far as possible they can be kept in a group with others from the same bubble they are in during the school day. Where it is not possible, or it is impractical, to group children in the same bubbles as they are in during the school day, schools and external providers may need to group children with others from 	YES YES	All staff/in place	L







	outside their school day bubble and / or from a different school. This may happen, for example, if only one or two children are attending wraparound provision from the same school day bubble and / or where multiple schools are attending provision. If schools or external providers need to do this, they should seek to keep children in small, consistent groups with the same children each time, as far as this is possible. Currently, schools can continue to offer all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare.	YES	All staff/in place	L
Prevention 7. Keep occupied spaces well ventilated	Good ventilation reduces the concentration of the virus in the air, which reduces the risk from airborne transmission. When the school is in operation, it is important to ensure it is well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment is maintained. These can be achieved by a variety of measures including: o mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance and that only fresh outside air is circulated. If possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are	YES	All staff/in place	L







within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply				
 natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be 				
opened just enough to provide constant				
background ventilation and opened more				
fully during breaks to purge the air in the				
space). Opening internal doors can also				
assist with creating a throughput of air				
 natural ventilation – if necessary external 				
opening doors may also be used (as long				
as they are not fire doors and where safe				
to do so) The Health and Safety Executive				
guidance on air conditioning and				
ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak				
and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19)				
advice provides more information.				
 To balance the need for increased 				
ventilation while maintaining a comfortable				
temperature, consider:				
 opening high level windows in colder 				
weather in preference to low level to				
reduce draughts				
o increasing the ventilation while spaces are				
unoccupied (for example, between				
classes, during break and lunch, when a				
room is unused)				
 providing flexibility to allow additional, 				
suitable indoor clothing				
 rearranging furniture where possible to avoid direct draughts 				
	YES		All	
	IES		staff/in	L
comfort levels are maintained particularly in				
occupied spaces.			place	
		aho.	1	







In specific circumstances 8. Where necessary, wear PPE	 The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases, including: where an individual child or young person becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms while at schools, and only then if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained Performing aerosol generating procedures (AGPs) When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only wear PPE that would be routinely worn, should be worn. Read the guidance on safe working in education, childcare and children's social care 	YES	All staff/in place All staff/in place All staff/in	L
In specific circumstances 9. Promote and engage in asymptomatic testing, where available	for more information about preventing and controlling infection and follow SCC PPE guidance. • Rapid testing remains a vital part of our plan to suppress this virus. Schools should follow the guidance set out for their settings: • Primary schools, school-based nurseries and maintained nursery schools • Secondary schools and colleges • Specialist settings	YES	All staff/in place	L







Response to	NHS Test and Trace process to be followed.	YES	All	L
infection	Staff members and parents/carers understand		staff/in	
10. Test and trace	that they will need to be ready and willing to:		place	
	 book a test if they are displaying 			
	symptoms. Staff and pupils must not			
	come into the school if they have			
	symptoms and must be sent home to			
	self-isolate if they develop them in			
	school. All pupils can be tested,			
	including children under 5, but children			
	aged 11 and under will need to be			
	helped by their parents/carers if using			
	a home testing kit			
	 provide details of anyone they have 			
	been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus			
	(COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test &			
	Trace			
	 self-isolate if they have been in close 			
	contact with someone who develops			
	coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or			
	someone who tests positive for			
	coronavirus (COVID-19)			
		YES	HT/Offic	L
	A small number of home testing kits available to be given directly to parents/corpora		e staff	
	to be given directly to parents/carers			
	collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school or staff who have			
	developed symptoms at schools, where			
	providing a test will increase the likelihood of			
	them getting tested.			
	 Anyone who displays symptoms of 	YES	All	L
	coronavirus (COVID-19) can and should get a		staff/in	
	test. Tests can be booked online through the		place	
	toot. Tools dan be booked offine through the			







	NHS testing and tracing for coronavirus website, or ordered by telephone via NHS 119 for those without access to the internet. Essential workers, which includes anyone involved in education or childcare, have priority access to testing. The school will ask parents and staff to inform them immediately of the result of the test: If someone tests negative, if they feel well and no longer have symptoms similar to COVID-19 they can stop self-isolating. If someone test positive they should follow the 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. Other members of their household should continue self-isolating for the full 10	HT/TLT L
Response to	days.Flowchart school response to suspected or YES	HT L
infection	confirmed COVID-19 cases to be followed for suspected or confirmed cases.	In place
11. Managing confirmed COVID-19 cases	Schools should contact the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and select option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of	HT/ in place







 Г				
	advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health			
	advice. If, following triage, further expert			
	advice is required the adviser will escalate the			
	school's call to the local health protection			
	team. The health protection team will also			
	contact schools directly if they become aware			
	that someone who has tested positive for			
	coronavirus (COVID-19) attended the school -			
	as identified by NHS Test and Trace.		,.	
	 The health protection team will provide 	YES	HT/ in	L
	guidance to support a rapid risk assessment		place	
	to confirm who has been in close contact with			
	the person during the period they were			
	infectious and ensure they are asked to self-			
	isolate.	YES	HT/ in	١.
	Based on the advice from the health	YES	-	L
	protection team, schools must send home		place	
	those people who have been in close contact			
	with the person who has tested positive,			
	advising them to self-isolate for 10 days since			
	they were last in close contact with that			
	person when they were infectious. Close contact means:			
	Direct close contacts - face to face			
	contact with an infected individual for			
	any length of time, within 1 metre,			
	including being coughed on, a face to			
	face conversation, or unprotected			
	physical contact (skin-to-skin)			
	 Proximity contacts - extended close 			
	contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more			
	than 15 minutes) with an infected			
	individual ,			







	 Travelling in a small vehicle, like a car 			
	with an infected person	YES	HT/	L
	The health protection team will provide		ongoing	
	definitive advice on who must be sent home.			
	To support this records of pupils and staff in			
	each group and any close contact that takes			
	place between pupils and staff in different			
	groups to be kept. This does not need to			
	include every interaction a member of staff or			
	pupil has.	YES	HT/	L
	Household members of those contacts who		ongoing	
	are sent home do not need to self-isolate			
	themselves unless the child, young person or			
	staff member who is self-isolating			
	subsequently develops symptoms. If someone			
	in a class or group that has been asked to			
	self-isolate develops symptoms themselves			
	within their 10 day isolation period they should			
	follow guidance for households with possible			
	or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19)			
	infection. They should get a test, and:			
	 if someone who is self-isolating 			
	because they have been in close			
	contact with someone who has tested			
	positive for coronavirus (COVID-19)			
	starts to feel unwell and gets a test for			
	coronavirus themselves, and the test			
	delivers a negative result, they must			
	remain in isolation for the remainder o			
	the 10 day isolation period. This is			
	because they could still develop			
	coronavirus (COVID-19) within the			
	remaining days.			
l .				







	inform their setting immediately, and should isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms (which could mean the self-isolation ends before or after the original 10 day isolation period). Their household should self-isolate for at least 10 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms, following guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection Evidence should not request of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation In the majority of cases, schools and parents will be in agreement that a child with symptoms should not attend school, given the potential risk to others. In the event that a parent or guardian insists on a child attending school, schools can take the decision to refuse the child if in their reasonable judgement it is necessary to protect their pupils and staff from possible infection with coronavirus (COVID-19). Any such decision would need to be carefully considered in ligh	m See YES YES See g	HT/ ongoing HT/ ongoing	
Response to infection	of all the circumstances and the current publishealth advice. If two or more cases are confirmed within 10 days or an overall rise in sickness absence where COVID-19 is suspected, there may be	YES	HT/ in place	L







12. Contain any outbreaks	•	include a larger number of other pupils self- isolate at home as a precaution.	YES	HT/ in place HT/ in place	L
Attendance	•	confirmed as clinically extremely vulnerable is to shield and stay at home as much as possible until further notice.	YES	HT/ in place HT/ in place	L
Workforce	•	Clinically extremely vulnerable (CEV) Clinically extremely vulnerable people should not go to the workplace if they live or work in areas where shielding advice is active. Pregnant women	YES	HT/ in place	L
	•		YES	HT/ in place	L







consideration as set out in the guidance for pregnant employees. Employers should carry out a risk assessment to follow the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1999 (MHSW). Pregnant women of any gestation should not be required to continue working if this is not supported by the risk assessment. • Women who are 28 weeks pregnant and beyond, or are pregnant and have an underlying health condition that puts them at a greater risk of severe illness from COVID-19 at any gestation, should take a more precautionary approach. Employers should ensure pregnant women are able to adhere to any active national guidance on social distancing and/or advice for pregnant women considered to be clinically extremely vulnerable (this group may previously have been advised to shield).	YES	HT/ in place	L
Clinically vulnerable Clinically vulnerable staff can continue to attend school. While in school they should follow the sector-specific measures in this document to minimise the risks of	YES	HT/ in place	L
 transmission. This includes taking particular care to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene, minimising contact and maintaining social distancing in line with the provisions set out in section 6 of the 'prevention' section of this 	YES	HT/ in place	L







	guidance. This provides that ideally, adults should maintain 2 metre distance from others and where this is not possible avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of others. While the risk of transmission between young children and adults is likely to be low, adults should continue to take care to socially distance from other adults including older children and adolescents. • People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can attend the workplace unless advised otherwise by an individual letter from the NHS or a specialist doctor	YES	HT/ in L place
Emergencies	 All pupil emergency contact details are up-to-date, including alternative emergency contact details, where required. Parents are contacted as soon as practicable in the event of an emergency. Pupil alternative contacts are called where their primary emergency contact cannot be contacted. The school has an up-to-date First Aid Policy in place which outlines the management of medical emergencies – medical emergencies are managed in line with this policy. 	YES YES	Office staff/in place Office L staff/in place Office L staff/in place Office Staff/in place Office L staff/in place Office L staff/in place
	Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible	YES .	HT/in L place







Managing School Transport	 Parents and pupils are discouraged from using public transport, where possible particularly during peak times. For more information on home to school transport - COVID-19 Schools recovery phase - Surrey County Council (surreycc.gov.uk) 	HT/in L place
	Where possible, transport arrangements are organised to cater for any changes to start and finish times. YES	HT/in L
	Transport providers are advised that they do not work if they or a member of their household are displaying any symptoms of coronavirus. YES	place HT/in L place
	Transport providers, as far as possible, are advised of the need to follow hygiene rules and try to keep distance from their passengers. YES	HT/in L place
	Revised travel plans are communicated clearly to contractors, local authorities and parents where appropriate (for instance, to agree pickup and drop-off times). YES	HT/in L place
Residential/Boardin g	 All care staff continue to undertake individual risk assessments, activity risk assessments, placement plans and Covid specific individual Risk assessments. For information on how to care for a symptomatic child while protecting the welfare of other pupils and staff, read the <u>guidance on</u> isolation for residential educational settings. 	N/A







This risk assessment has been agreed by the following:

	Date		Organisation	Signature
Nichola Riches	1.3.21	Headteacher	Woodlea Primary School	



